

2021 HAZARD MITIGATION ASSISTANCE GRANT **EQUITY WORKSHOPS**

WELCOME TO

VIRGINIA IS FOR LOWERS

The Deloitte Health360 Solution informs population vulnerability and enables a data-driven approach to operationalizing equity in mitigation projects. It is broken down into two components: Population Vulnerability and Hazard Risk. Both components are added together to identify potential priority areas to support future mitigation projects.



- Interpret data from the Deloitte Analysis and identify flooding risk in these areas.
- Understand and explore potential solutions to hazard risk areas and vulnerable populations.
- Educate stakeholders on funding programs such as FEMA hazard mitigation grants, CDBG grants, and the new CFP fund.
- Discuss next steps, technical assistance needs, and training.



POPULATION VULNERABILITY

Provides a people-focused metric that can be combined with infrastructure, elevation, and financial metrics to support a holistic approach to mitigation planning.



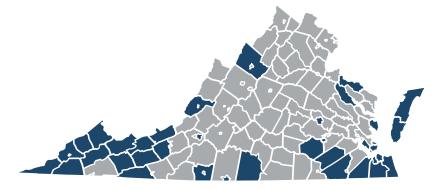
HAZARD RISK

Reflects the number of house-holds in each flood or hurricane zone weighted by risk severity to provide a people-focused risk metric.



PRIORITIZED CENSUS TRACTS

Combining population vulnerability and hazard risk at a sub-locality level can identify potential priority areas to support with future mitigation projects.



40 Localities Identified Scoring Over 70%



POPULATION VULNERABILITY

Provides a people-focused metric that can be combined with infrastructure, elevation, and financial metrics to support a holistic approach to mitigation planning.



SUBREGIONAL VORKSHOP

July 29, 2021 from 10am to 12pm

HAZARD RISK

Reflects the number of households in each flood or hurricane zone weighted by risk severity to provide a people-focused risk metric.



Hampton Newport News Poquoson

PRIORITIZED CENSUS TRACTS

Combining population vulnerability and hazard risk at a sub-locality level can identify potential priority areas to support with future mitigation projects.

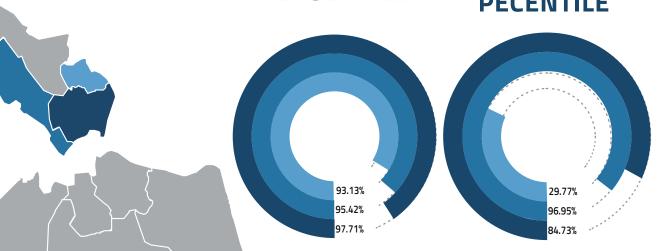


OVERALL PERCENTILE



HAZARD RISK PERCENTILE

POPULATION VULNERABILITY PECENTILE



Governor's Confidential Working Papers

COVID-19 Unified Command/VEST Health Equity Working Group

MITIGATION PROJECTS ANALYSIS POQUOSON CITY

NOVEMBER 2020



Topics

The analysis provides **Poquoson City** with information to support planning and preparation of projects for the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) grant application with an equity focus.

- Introduction to Data-Driven ApproachHazard Risk
- Population Vulnerability
- **□** Summary
- ☐ FEMA Funding and Past Projects
- ☐ Considerations for Next Steps

This analysis *expands the scope of*population vulnerability to

provide a data-driven equity lens

for disaster mitigation project

design

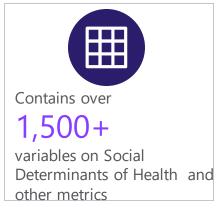
Data-Driven Approach

The Health360 platform informs population vulnerability and enables a data-driven approach to operationalizing equity in mitigation projects.

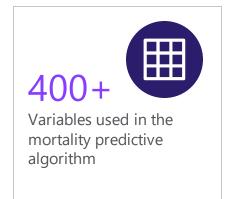
Powered By Health360



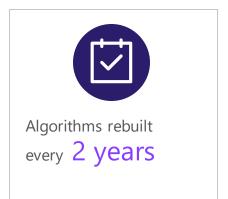














What is hazard risk and how is it calculated?

Household Hazard risk reflects the number of households in each flood or hurricane zone, weighted by severity.



Hazard Risk

Number of households in each zone:

Flood zones

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine flood way
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

Hurricane zones

Segmented A, B, C, D

- Households that reside in the flood and hurricane zones are considered to be at-risk for environmental disasters
- Hazard Risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones
- Hazard Risk is not a measure of infrastructure, elevation, or financial risks, but is a measure of the number of at-risk households in an area, weighted by the severity of the risk, to provide a people-focused risk metric

Note: Severity of the risk per household is captured on an ordinal scale from 1 – least severe (Hurricane Zone D, 500 Year Riverine) to 4 – most severe (Hurricane Zone A, 100 Year Coastal)

Hazard Risk = (# of Households Analyzed in Particular Hurricane or Flood Zones) X (Specified Zone Risk Level (1 through 4 depending on risk severity))

Hazard Risk in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's hazard risk¹ compares to others in Virginia as well as how many households reside in each flood or hurricane zone.

Hazard Risk¹ Percentile 93rd

Your locality has more households in more severe flood/hurricane zones than 93% of other Virginia localities

Hazard Risk¹ Rank

10th

Your locality's Hazard Risk score is ranked 10th out of 132 Virginia localities

Households in Flood Zones & Locality Rank

← 100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine Floodway	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine		
15	0	4,400	1,320		
4th out of 132 Localities	N/A out of 132 Localities	6th out of 132 Localities	10th out of 132 Localities		

Flood zones are geographic areas that FEMA has defined according to varying levels of flood risk

Households in Hurricane Zones & Locality Rank

← Zone A	Zone B	Zone C	Zone D		
4,543	1,362	0	0		
7th out of 132 Localities	11th out of 132 Localities	N/A out of 132 Localities	N/A out of 132 Localities		

Evacuation zones designated as A through D are in place across coastal Virginia

- 1. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated?

The Population Vulnerability score provides a people-focused metric that can be combined with infrastructure, elevation, and financial metrics to support a holistic approach to mitigation planning.



Population Vulnerability

Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access

- Population Vulnerability expands upon the 2018 Virginia
 Hazard Mitigation plan definition of population vulnerability
 (density and percentage of total population)
- Population Vulnerability only considers localities with households in flood or hurricane zones (132 localities)
- Population Vulnerability **identifies the locality and census blocks/Census Blocks** with the most vulnerable individuals/households on average
- Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster

Population Vulnerability in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's population vulnerability¹ score and composite attributes compare to other localities in Virginia.

Population Vulnerability Percentile

30th

On average, a household in a flood or hurricane zone in your locality is more vulnerable than a household in 30% of other Virginia localities

Population Vulnerability Rank

93rd

Your locality's Population Vulnerability score is ranked 93rd out of 132 Virginia localities

How POQUOSON CITY Compares to Other Localities Across the Eight Vulnerability Attributes

Low Income

9th

percentile

Elevated Health Risk

71st

percentile

Age

60th

percentile

Communities of Color

15th

percentile

of Children in Household

97th

percentile

of People in Household

97th

percentile

Unemployment Risk

21st

percentile

Lack of Vehicle Access

43rd

percentile

^{1.} Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones

Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk Summary

Understanding population vulnerability and hazard risk in your locality can help support future mitigation projects.

Population Vulnerability Percentile

30th

On average, a household in a flood or hurricane zone in your locality is more vulnerable than a household in 30% of other Virginia localities

Population Vulnerability Rank

93rd

Your locality's Population Vulnerability score is ranked 93rd out of 132 Virginia localities

Hazard Risk² Percentile

93rd

Your locality has more households in more severe flood/hurricane zones than 93% of other Virginia localities

Hazard Risk² Rank

10th

Your locality's Hazard Risk score is ranked 10th out of 132 Virginia localities

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity

Review of FEMA Funding & Past Mitigation Projects

Review of Mitigation Projects In Your Locality

The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects¹ in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.

Total Exclusive Project Funding¹

\$4,394,445

This is the total amount of federal funding alloted to mitigation projects solely owned by your locality from 1990-2019

Exclusive Projects

11

Average Project Size

\$399K

Total Shared Project Funding¹

\$163,140

This is the total amount of federal funding allotted to mitigation projects owned by your locality and at least 1 other from 1990-2019

Shared Projects

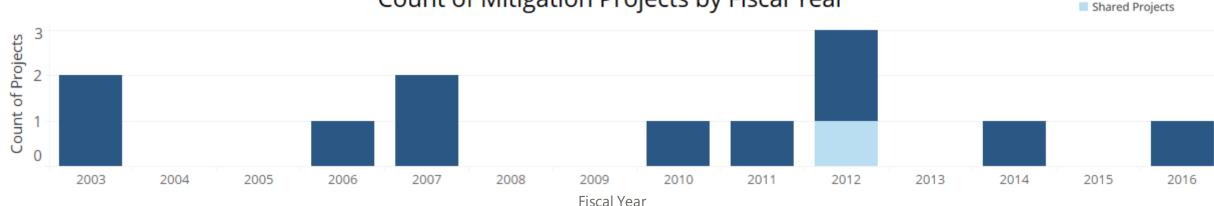
1

Average Counties Per Project

14.0

Exclusive Projects



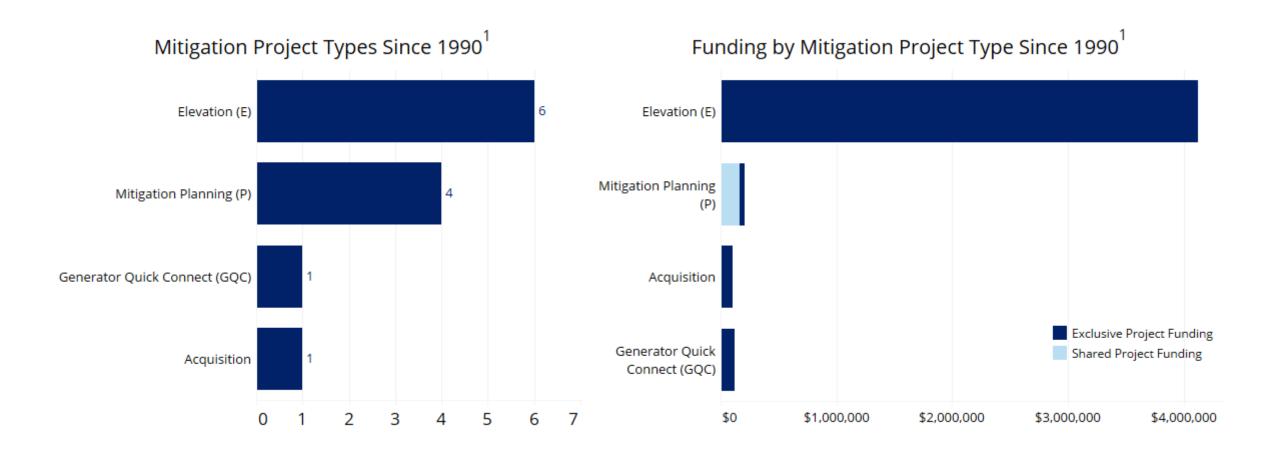


1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

Note: see the appendix for a complete data table of these mitigation projects

Past Mitigation Projects – Top Project Types

The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects¹ in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.

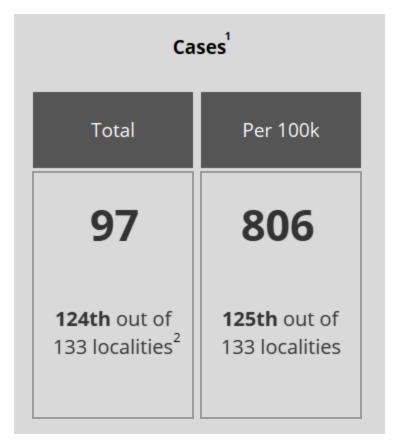


1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

Note: see the appendix for a complete data table of these mitigation projects

COVID-19 Impacts

Since the beginning of the COVID-19 Pandemic, Poquoson City has experienced the following:







- 1. COVID-19 case, hospitalization, and death figures are sourced from the Virginia Department of Health as of 10/28/2020
- 2. COVID-19 Impact rankings are for all 133 Virginia localities, rather than the 132 included in the BRIC analysis for having at least one household in a flood or hurricane zone

Considerations for Next Steps

Considerations for Next Steps

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, the population vulnerability and hazard risk metrics can supplement existing measures to design mitigation projects with an equity lens.

- Consider population vulnerability and it's various components to support decisions on mitigation projects
- Consider supplementing these people-focused metrics with existing infrastructure, elevation, and financial analysis for a holistic mitigation planning approach that includes equity considerations
- Consider past project types and prior funding in the overall mitigation strategy

Appendix

What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated? continued

The vulnerability score for each Virginia household reflects an estimate of the household's ability to safely respond in the event of an environmental disaster.



Population Vulnerability

Attribute ¹ Weighting ²		Description (in a household)
Low Income	18%	Number of adults with income less than \$30,000
Elevated Health Risk	17%	Number of adults with one or more serious health conditions
Age (Older Adults)	15%	Number of adults who are age 65 and older
Communities of Color	13%	Number of Black or African American or Hispanic or Latino adults
# of Children in Household	12%	Number of children
# of People in Household	10%	Number of adults and children
Unemployment Risk	8%	Number of adults at high risk of unemployment
Lack of Vehicle Access	6%	Does the household lack access to a motor vehicle?

^{1.} Two attributes - English as a Primary Language and Prevalence of Mobile Housing - were dropped from consideration based on the 8/20/2020 BRIC Working Group Session

^{2.} Attribute contributions to Population Vulnerability were weighted as a result of the BRIC Working Group Session on 8/20/2020

Data table | FEMA Funding¹

Grantee	Year of Fiscal Year	Exclusive vs Shared	Subgrantee	Project Counties	Project Type(s)	Federal Funds Obligated
	2016	Exclusive	Poquoson	POQUOSON (CITY)	601.1: Generators	\$119,962
	2014	Exclusive	City of Poquoson	POQUOSON CITY	202.2: Elevation of Private Structures - Coastal	\$459,519
	2012	Exclusive	Poquoson	POQUOSON (CITY)	202.2: Elevation of Private Structures - Coastal	\$2,212,228
		Shared	HAMPTON ROADS PLANNI	ISLE OF WIGHT; JAMES CITY; WILLIAMSBURG (CITY); VIRGI	91.1: Local Multihazard Mitigation Plan	\$163,140
DOOLIOSON CITY	2011	Exclusive	HAMPTON ROADS PLANNI	POQUOSON (CITY)	91.1: Local Multihazard Mitigation Plan	\$22,848
POQUOSON CITY	2010	Exclusive	Poquoson	POQUOSON (CITY)	200.2: Acquisition of Private Real Property (Structures and	\$103,301
	2007	Exclusive	City of Poquoson	POQUOSON CITY	91.1: Local Multihazard Mitigation Plan;	\$24,624
	2006	Exclusive	Poquoson	POQUOSON (CITY)	202.2: Elevation of Private Structures - Coastal	\$38,589
	2003	Exclusive	Poquoson	POQUOSON (CITY)	202.1: Elevation of Private Structures - Riverine	\$554,436
					202.2: Elevation of Private Structures - Coastal	\$858,938

^{1.} Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

Governor's Confidential Working Papers

COVID-19 Unified Command/VEST Health Equity Working Group

MITIGATION PROJECTS ANALYSIS

NEWPORT NEWS NOVEMBER 2020



Topics

The analysis provides **Newport News** with information to support planning and preparation of projects for the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) grant application with an equity focus.

- ☐ Introduction to Data-Driven Approach
- ☐ Hazard Risk
- Population Vulnerability
- Prioritization
- ☐ FEMA Funding and Past Projects
- ☐ Considerations for Next Steps

This analysis *expands the scope*of population vulnerability to
provide a data-driven equity lens
for disaster mitigation project

design

Data-Driven Approach

The Health360 platform informs population vulnerability and enables a data-driven approach to operationalizing equity in mitigation projects.

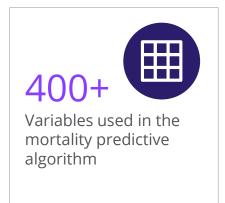
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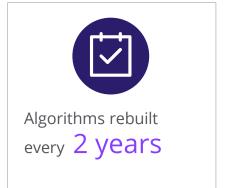














What is hazard risk and how is it calculated?

Household Hazard risk reflects the number of households in each flood or hurricane zone, weighted by severity.



Hazard Risk

Number of households in each zone:

Flood zones

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine flood way
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

Hurricane zones

Segmented A, B, C, D

- Households that reside in the flood and hurricane zones are considered to be at-risk for environmental disasters
- Hazard Risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones
- Hazard Risk is not a measure of infrastructure, elevation, or financial risks, but is a measure of the number of at-risk households in an area, weighted by the severity of the risk, to provide a people-focused risk metric

Note: Severity of the risk per household is captured on an ordinal scale from 1 – least severe (Hurricane Zone D, 500 Year Riverine) to 4 – most severe (Hurricane Zone A, 100 Year Coastal)

Hazard Risk = (# of Households in Particular Hurricane or Flood Zones) X (Specified Zone Risk Level (1 through 4 depending on risk severity))

Hazard Risk in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's hazard risk¹ compares to others in Virginia as well as how many households reside in each flood or hurricane zone.

Hazard Risk¹ Percentile

95th

Your locality has more households in more severe flood/hurricane zones than 95% of other Virginia localities

Hazard Risk¹ Rank

7th

Your locality's Hazard Risk score is ranked 7th out of 132 Virginia localities

Households in Flood Zones & Locality Rank

← 100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine Floodway	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine		
9	15	2,093	1,147		
5th out of 132 Localities	42nd out of 132 Localities	10th out of 132 Localities	12th out of 132 Localities		

Flood zones are geographic areas that FEMA has defined according to varying levels of flood risk

Households in Hurricane Zones & Locality Rank

▼ Zone A	Zone B	Zone C	Zone D		
1,877	6,294	0	8,827		
10th out of 132 Localities	6th out of 132 Localities	N/A out of 132 Localities	5th out of 132 Localities		

Evacuation zones designated as A through D are in place across coastal Virginia

- 1. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated?

The Population Vulnerability score provides a people-focused metric that can be combined with infrastructure, elevation, and financial metrics to support a holistic approach to mitigation planning.



Population Vulnerability

Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access

- Population Vulnerability expands upon the 2018 Virginia Hazard Mitigation plan definition of population vulnerability (density and percentage of total population)
- Population Vulnerability only considers localities with households in flood or hurricane zones (132 localities)
- Population Vulnerability **identifies the locality and census tracts/census blocks** with the most vulnerable individuals/households on average
- Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster

Population Vulnerability in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's population vulnerability¹ score and composite attributes compare to other localities in Virginia.

Population Vulnerability¹ Percentile

97th

On average, a household in a flood or hurricane zone in your locality is more vulnerable than a household in 97% of other Virginia localities

Population Vulnerability¹ Rank

5th

Your locality's Population Vulnerability score is ranked 5th out of 132 Virginia localities

How NEWPORT NEWS CITY Compares to Other Localities Across the Eight Vulnerability Attributes

Low Income

90th

percentile

of Children in Household

65th

percentile

Elevated Health Risk

89th

percentile

of People in Household

29th

percentile

Age

10th

percentile

Unemployment Risk

89th

percentile

Communities of Color

95th

percentile

Lack of Vehicle Access

95th

percentile

^{1.} Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones

Using Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk to Prioritize Census Tracts

Combining population vulnerability and hazard risk at a sub-locality level can identify potential priority areas to support with future mitigation projects.



Population Vulnerability

Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access





Number of households in each zone:

Flood zones

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine floodway
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

Hurricane zones

• Segmented A, B, C, D



Prioritized Census Tracts

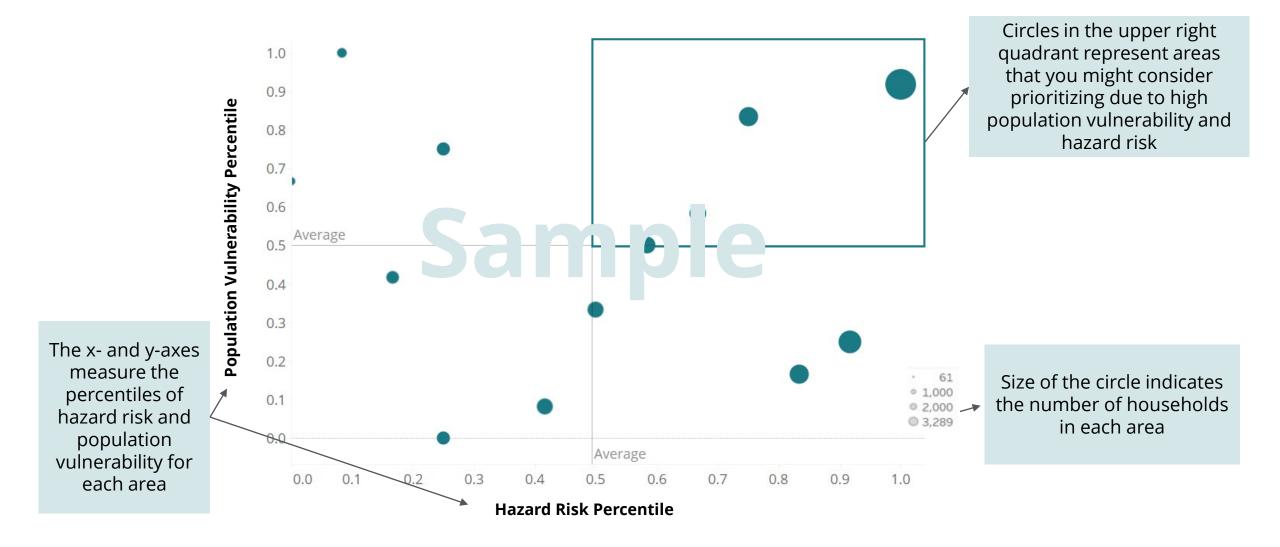
- High Population Vulnerability
- High Hazard Risk

Census tracts with both more households in severe flood/hurricane zones AND households with more vulnerable occupants



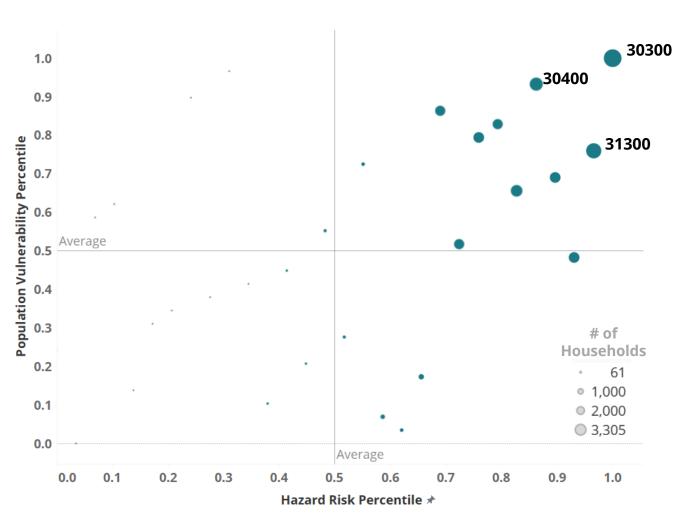
How to interpret the Census Tract plots

The chart below represents a *sample* locality and offers guidance on how to interpret the information when planning mitigation efforts.



Prioritizing Census Tracts in Newport News

Areas with the most vulnerable populations and households in severe flood and hurricane zones present prioritization opportunities for mitigation projects.



Priority Areas in Flood and Hurricane Zones

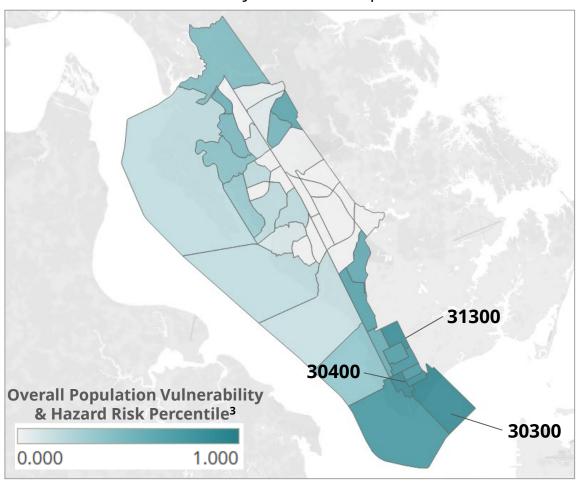
			Within-Ne	Within-Newport News Percentiles				
#	Area	# of Households	Overall Percentile	Population Vulnerability ¹ Percentile	Hazard Risk² Percentile			
1	30300	3,305	100th	100th	100th			
2	30400	1,808	97th	93rd	86th			
3	31300	2,433	93rd	76th	97th			
4	30500	1,118	90th	83rd	79th			
5	30100	1,306	86th	69th	90th			
6	30800	1,068	83rd	86th	69th			
7	30600	1,266	79th	79th	76th			
8	30900	1,435	76th	66th	83rd			

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity

Prioritizing Census Tracts in Newport News continued

Areas with the most vulnerable populations and households in severe flood and hurricane zones present prioritization opportunities for mitigation projects.

Potential Priority Areas in Newport News



Priority Areas in Flood and Hurricane Zones

			Within-Newport News Percentiles				
#	Area	# of Households	Overall Percentile	Population Vulnerability ¹ Percentile	Hazard Risk² Percentile		
1	30300	3,305	100th	100th	100th		
2	30400	1,808	97th	93rd	86th		
3	31300	2,433	93rd	76th	97th		
4	30500	1,118	90th	83rd	79th		
5	30100	1,306	86th	69th	90th		
6	30800	1,068	83rd	86th	69th		
7	30600	1,266	79th	79th	76th		
8	30900	1,435	76th	66th	83rd		

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- Sub-localities at the 0th percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

Priority Census Tracts Summary

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, it may be helpful to consider the underlying attributes of population vulnerability and the number of houses in each flood/hurricane zone.

				Within-Newport News Percentiles								
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Population Vulnerability ¹	Communities of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unemployment Risk	Age	Lack of Vehicle Access
1	30300	3,305	100th	100th	93rd	90th	100th	62nd	72nd	59th	55th	69th
2	30400	1,808	97th	93rd	90th	79th	97th	55th	76th	72nd	34th	86th
3	31300	2,433	93rd	76th	76th	59th	69th	59th	62nd	66th	52nd	66th

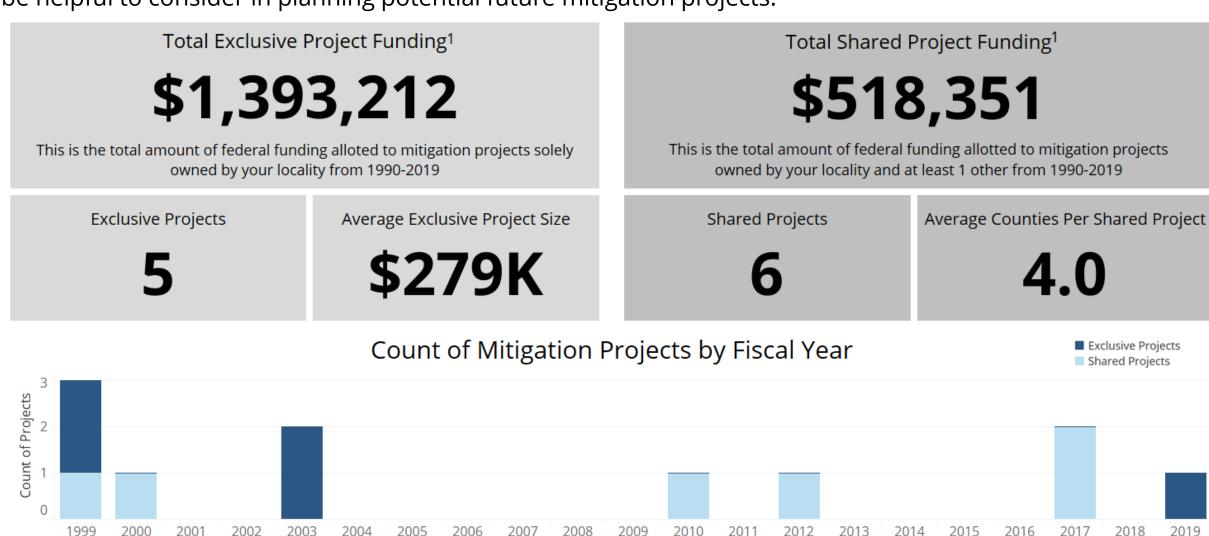
			W/I-Newport N	ews Percentiles	Newport News Household Counts ³							
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Hazard Risk²	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr Zone D
1	30300	3,305	100th	100th	9	0	640	502	1000	1688	0	617
2	30400	1,808	97th	86th	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1808
3	31300	2,433	93rd	97th	0	5	761	148	629	1700	0	104

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as an average household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 3. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

Review of FEMA Funding & Past Mitigation Projects

Review of Mitigation Projects In Your Locality

The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects¹ in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.

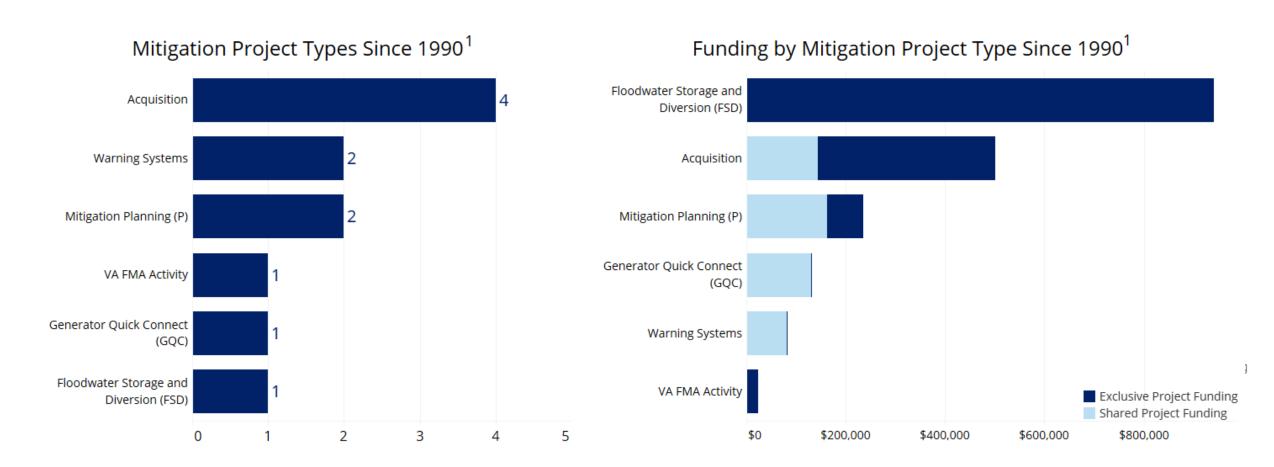


1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

Fiscal Year

Past Mitigation Projects – Top Project Types

From 1990-2019, the top projects included Acquisition, Warning Systems, and Mitigation Planning. The project types that received the most funding were Floodwater Storage & Diversion and Acquisition.



1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

COVID-19 Impacts

COVID-19 In Your Locality

Since the beginning of the COVID-19 Pandemic, Newport News has experienced the following:







- 1. COVID-19 case, hospitalization, and death figures are sourced from the Virginia Department of Health as of **10/26/2020**
- 2. COVID-19 Impact rankings are for all 133 Virginia localities, rather than the 132 included in the BRIC analysis for having at least one household in a flood or hurricane zone

Considerations for Next Steps

Considerations for Next Steps

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, the population vulnerability and hazard risk metrics can supplement existing measures to design mitigation projects with an equity lens.

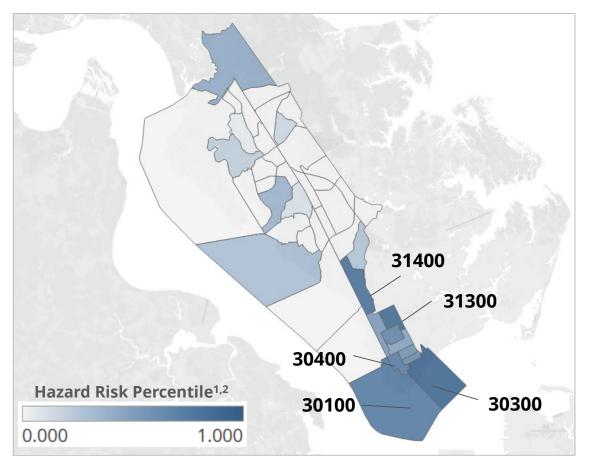
- Consider targeting **priority areas** when designing future mitigation projects
- Consider analysis at the census tract/block level to understand population vulnerability and hazard risks at a granular level to support decisions on mitigation projects
- Consider **supplementing these people-focused metrics** with existing infrastructure, elevation, and financial analysis for a holistic mitigation planning approach that includes equity considerations
- Consider past project types and prior funding in the overall mitigation strategy

Appendix

What areas in your locality have the greatest hazard risk?

When designing mitigation projects, it may be helpful to consider specific census tracts that have the greatest number of households residing in the more severe flood and/or hurricane zones.

Hazard Risk¹ in Newport News



Top-5 Census Tracts for Hazard Risk¹

						Newpo	rt News H	ousehold	Counts		
#	Census Tract	# of House- holds	Hazard Risk Percentile	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr. Zone D
1	30300	3,305	100th	9	0	640	502	1000	1688	0	617
2	31300	2,433	97th	0	5	761	148	629	1700	0	104
3	31400	1,209	93rd	0	0	341	121	165	1014	0	0
4	30100	1,306	90th	0	0	13	13	0	774	0	532
5	30400	1,808	86th	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1808

Note: see the appendix for a complete data table for all Census Tracts

- 1. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Census tracts at the 0th percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated? continued

The vulnerability score for each Virginia household reflects an estimate of the household's ability to safely respond in the event of an environmental disaster.



Population Vulnerability

Attribute ¹	Weighting ²	Description (in a household)
Low Income	18%	Number of adults with income less than \$30,000
Elevated Health Risk 17%		Number of adults with one or more serious health conditions
Age (Older Adults)	15%	Number of adults who are age 65 and older
Communities of Color	13%	Number of Black or African American or Hispanic or Latino adults
# of Children in Household	12%	Number of children
# of People in Household	10%	Number of adults and children
Unemployment Risk	8%	Number of adults at high risk of unemployment
Lack of Vehicle Access	6%	Does the household lack access to a motor vehicle?

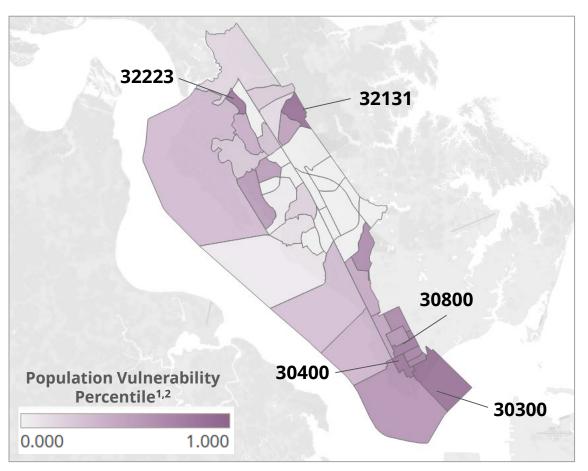
^{1.} Two attributes - English as a Primary Language and Prevalence of Mobile Housing - were dropped from consideration based on the 8/20/2020 BRIC Working Group Session

^{2.} Attribute contributions to Population Vulnerability were weighted as a result of the BRIC Working Group Session on 8/20/2020

What areas in your locality have the greatest population vulnerability?

When designing mitigation projects, it may be helpful to consider specific census tracts that are home to the most vulnerable individuals in the event of an environmental disaster.

Population Vulnerability¹ in Newport News



Top-5 Census Tracts for Population Vulnerability¹

	Within-Newport News Percentiles										
#	Census Tract	# of House- holds	Pop. Vul.	Comm. of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unem. Risk	Age	Vehicle Access
1	30300	3,305	100th	93rd	90th	100th	62nd	72nd	59th	55th	69th
2	32131	30	97th	100th	52nd	45th	97th	97th	0th	62nd	0th
3	30400	1,808	93rd	90th	79th	97th	55th	76th	72nd	34th	86th
4	32223	23	90th	97th	93rd	48th	76th	45th	69th	76th	0th
5	30800	1,068	86th	86th	69th	93rd	45th	55th	93rd	41st	83rd

Note: See the appendix for a complete data table for all census tracts

^{1.} Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as an average household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones

^{2.} Census tracts at the 0th percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

Data table | Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk

														Within-	Within-locality Household Counts				1		
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Population Vulnerability	Communities of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unem- ployment Risk	Age	Lack of Vehicle Access	Hazard Risk	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr Zone D
1	30300	3,305	100th	100th	93rd	90th	100th	62nd	72nd	59th	55th	69th	100th	9	0	640	502	1000	1688	0	617
2	30400	1,808	97th	93rd	90th	79th	97th	55th	76th	72nd	34th	86th	86th	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1808
3	31300	2,433	93rd	76th	76th	59th	69th	59th	62nd	66th	52nd	66th	97th	0	5	761	148	629	1700	0	104
4	30500	1,118	90th	83rd	83rd	83rd	86th	41st	59th	83rd	38th	76th	79th	0	0	30	63	42	410	0	666
5	30100	1,306	86th	69th	66th	55th	76th	21st	48th	86th	10th	93rd	90th	0	0	13	13	0	774	0	532
6	30800	1,068	83rd	86th	86th	69th	93rd	45th	55th	93rd	41st	83rd	69th	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1068
7	30600	1,266	79th	79th	79th	76th	90th	38th	69th	76th	28th	90th	76th	0	0	0	0	0	231	0	1035
8	30900	1,435	76th	66th	69th	34th	83rd	34th	38th	90th	21st	55th	83rd	0	0	0	0	0	169	0	1266
9	31400	1,209	72nd	48th	41st	62nd	55th	48th	41st	52nd	59th	48th	93rd	0	0	341	121	165	1014	0	0
10	32131	30	69th	97th	100th	52nd	45th	97th	97th	0th	62nd	0th	31st	0	0	15	15	0	0	0	0
11	31601	36	66th	72nd	72nd	97th	31st	79th	86th	34th	69th	41st	55th	0	0	37	99	0	17	0	0
12	31200	1,097	62nd	52nd	55th	41st	79th	24th	24th	79th	31st	72nd	72nd	0	4	129	54	4	16	0	1077
13	32223	23	59th	90th	97th	93rd	48th	76th	45th	69th	76th	0th	24th	0	0	5	17	0	0	0	1
14	32132	120	55th	55th	48th	86th	41st	66th	52nd	62nd	66th	28th	48th	0	3	73	44	0	0	0	0
15	32224	62	52nd	45th	45th	72nd	28th	83rd	83rd	45th	48th	38th	41st	0	0	22	24	5	0	0	18

^{1.} Note: These figures only account for census areas that have households in flood and/or hurricane zones

For internal use only by the Commonwealth of Virginia. Output based on available data.

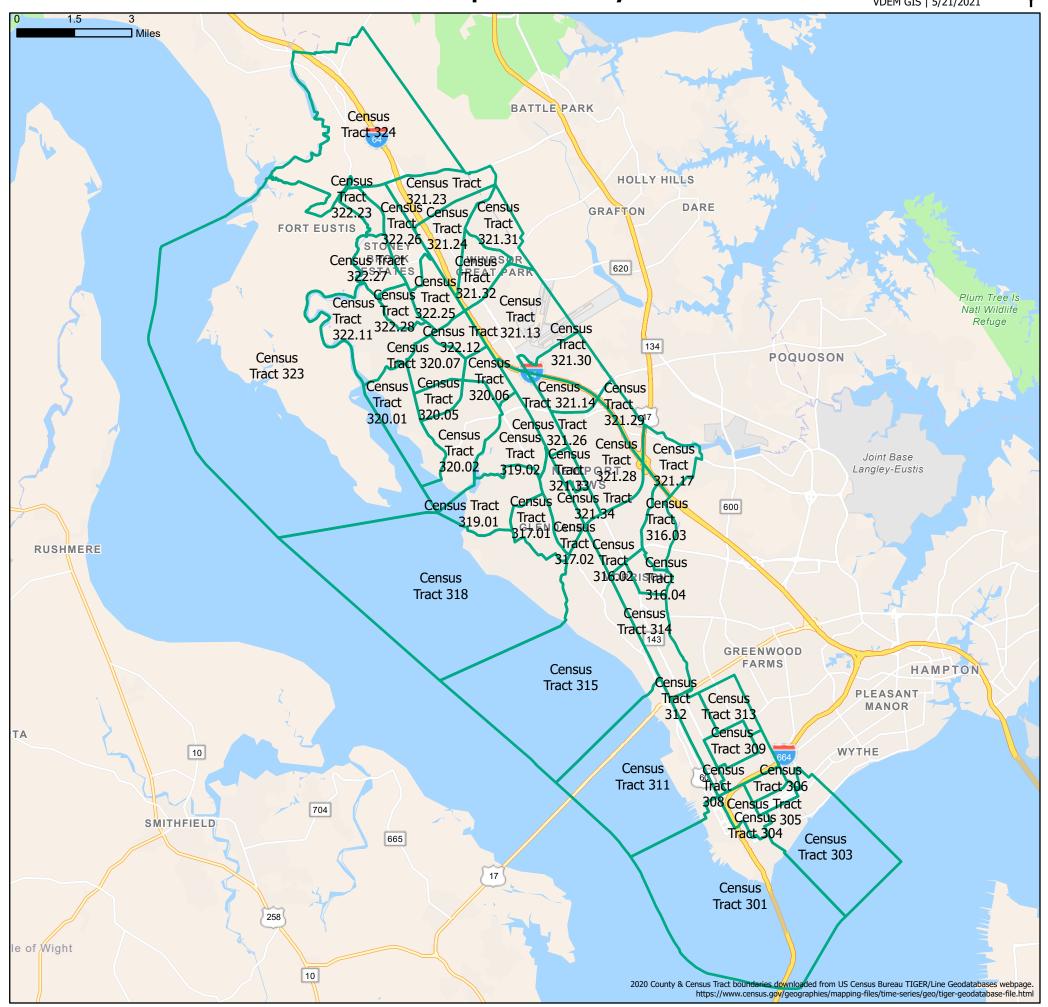
Data table | FEMA Funding¹

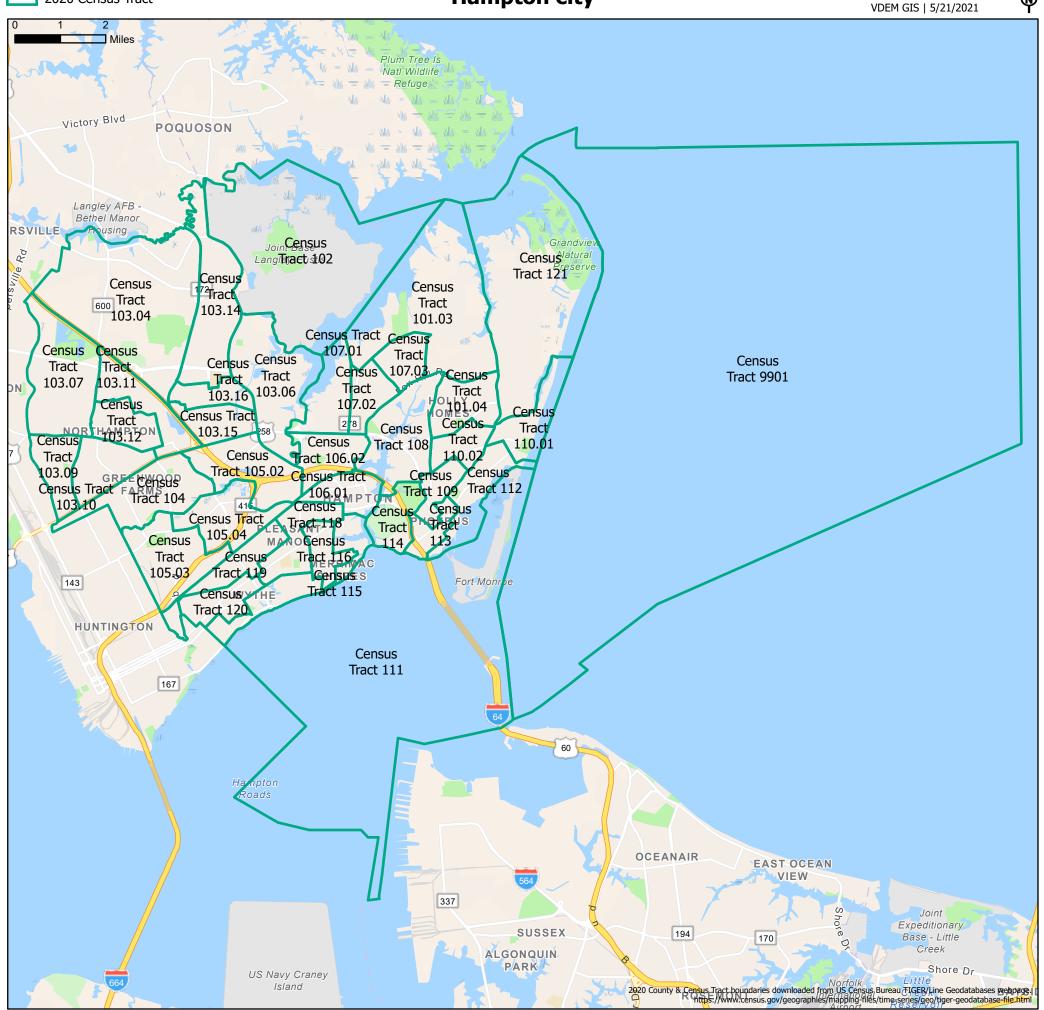
Grantee	Year of Fiscal Year	Exclusive vs Shared	Subgrantee	Project Counties	Project Type(s)	Federal Funds Obligated
	2019	Exclusive	Newport News	NEWPORT NEWS (CITY)	500.3: Flood Control - Dam	\$941,415
	2017	Shared	Statewide	STATEWIDE; HAMPTON (CITY); NEWPORT NEWS (CITY)	106.1: Other Non Construction (Regular Project Only);	\$80,814
	2012	Shared	HAMPTON ROADS PLAN	ISLE OF WIGHT; JAMES CITY; WILLIAMSBURG (CITY); VIRGINIA BEAC	91.1: Local Multihazard Mitigation Plan	\$163,140
	2010	Shared	Newport News	NEWPORT NEWS (CITY); HAMPTON (CITY)	601.1: Generators	\$130,007
NEWPORT	2003	Exclusive	NEWPORT NEWS	NEWPORT NEWS (CITY)	91.1: Local Multihazard Mitigation Plan	\$71,798
NEWS CITY			EMERGENCY SVC		200.4: Acquisition of Public Real Property (Structures and Land) - Coas	\$231,882
	2000	Shared	Newport News	ISLE OF WIGHT	200.2: Acquisition of Private Real Property (Structures and Land) - Coas	\$39,739
	1999	Exclusive	Newport News	NEWPORT NEWS (CITY)	200.1: Acquisition of Private Real Property (Structures and Land) - River	\$124,117
			Newport News, City Of	NEWPORT NEWS (CITY)	VA FMA Locality	\$24,000
		Shared	Isle of Wight (County)	ISLE OF WIGHT; NEWPORT NEWS (CITY)	200.1: Acquisition of Private Real Property (Structures and Land) - River	\$104,651

^{1.} Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

2020 County & Census Tract boundaries downloaded from US Census Bureau TIGER/Line Geodatabases webpage. https://www.census.gov/geographies/mapping-files/time-series/geo/tiger-geodatabase-file.html







Governor's Confidential Working Papers

COVID-19 Unified Command/VEST Health Equity Working Group

MITIGATION PROJECTS ANALYSIS HAMPTON CITY

NOVEMBER 2020



Topics

The analysis provides **Hampton City** with information to support planning and preparation of projects for the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) grant application with an equity focus.

Introduction to Data-Driven Approach
 Hazard Risk
 Population Vulnerability
 Prioritization
 FEMA Funding and Past Projects
 Considerations for Next Steps

This analysis *expands the scope of*population vulnerability to

provide a data-driven equity lens

for disaster mitigation project

design

Data-Driven Approach

The Health360 platform informs population vulnerability and enables a data-driven approach to operationalizing equity in mitigation projects.

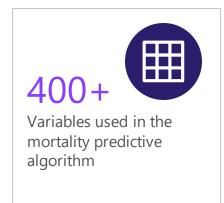
Powered By Health360



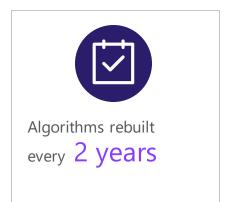














What is hazard risk and how is it calculated?

Household Hazard risk reflects the number of households in each flood or hurricane zone, weighted by severity.



Hazard Risk

Number of households in each zone:

Flood zones

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine flood way
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

Hurricane zones

Segmented A, B, C, D

- Households that reside in the flood and hurricane zones are considered to be **at-risk for environmental disasters**
- Hazard Risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones
- Hazard Risk is not a measure of infrastructure, elevation, or financial risks, but is a measure of the number of at-risk households in an area, weighted by the severity of the risk, to provide a people-focused risk metric

Note: Severity of the risk per household is captured on an ordinal scale from 1 – least severe (Hurricane Zone D, 500 Year Riverine) to 4 – most severe (Hurricane Zone A, 100 Year Coastal)

Hazard Risk = (# of Households in Particular Hurricane or Flood Zones) X (Specified Zone Risk Level (1 through 4 depending on risk severity))

Hazard Risk in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's hazard risk¹ compares to others in Virginia as well as how many households reside in each flood or hurricane zone.

Hazard Risk¹ Percentile

98th

Your locality has more households in more severe flood/hurricane zones than 98% of other Virginia localities

Hazard Risk¹ Rank

4th

Your locality's Hazard Risk score is ranked 4th out of 132 Virginia localities

Households in Flood Zones & Locality Rank

◆ 100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine Floodway	100 Year Riverine	Severity 500 Year Riverine		
55	135	19,027	12,692		
2nd out of 132 Localities	7th out of 132 Localities	3rd out of 132 Localities	3rd out of 132 Localities		

Flood zones are geographic areas that FEMA has defined according to varying levels of flood risk

Households in Hurricane Zones & Locality Rank

∢ Zone A	Zone B	Zone C	Zone D		
22,773	17,128	15,619	17,924		
2nd out of 132 Localities	5th out of 132 Localities	4th out of 132 Localities	3rd out of 132 Localities		

Evacuation zones designated as A through D are in place across coastal Virginia

- 1. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated?

The Population Vulnerability score provides a people-focused metric that can be combined with infrastructure, elevation, and financial metrics to support a holistic approach to mitigation planning.



Population Vulnerability

Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access

- Population Vulnerability expands upon the 2018 Virginia
 Hazard Mitigation plan definition of population vulnerability
 (density and percentage of total population)
- Population Vulnerability only considers localities with households in flood or hurricane zones (132 localities)
- Population Vulnerability **identifies the locality and census tracts/census blocks** with the most vulnerable individuals/households on average
- Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster

Population Vulnerability in Your Locality

The figures below indicate how your locality's population vulnerability¹ score and composite attributes compare to other localities in Virginia.

Population Vulnerability¹ Percentile

85th

On average, a household in a flood or hurricane zone in your locality is more vulnerable than a household in 85% of other Virginia localities

Population Vulnerability¹ Rank

21st

Your locality's Population Vulnerability score is ranked 21st out of 132 Virginia localities

How HAMPTON CITY Compares to Other Localities Across the Eight Vulnerability Attributes

Low Income

57th

percentile

Elevated Health Risk

77th

percentile

Age

23rd

percentile

Communities of Color

90th

percentile

of Children in Household

61st

percentile

of People in Household

46th

percentile

Unemployment Risk

65th

percentile

Lack of Vehicle Access

65th

percentile

^{1.} Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones

Using Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk to Prioritize Census Tracts

Combining population vulnerability and hazard risk at a sub-locality level can identify potential priority areas to support with future mitigation projects.



Population Vulnerability

Prevalence of:

- 1. Communities of color
- 2. Elevated health risk
- 3. Low income
- 4. # of people in household
- 5. # of children in household
- 6. Unemployment risk
- 7. Age (older adults)
- 8. Lack of vehicle access





Number of households in each zone:

Flood zones

- 100 year coastal
- 100 year riverine floodway
- 100 year riverine
- 500 year riverine

Hurricane zones

• Segmented A, B, C, D



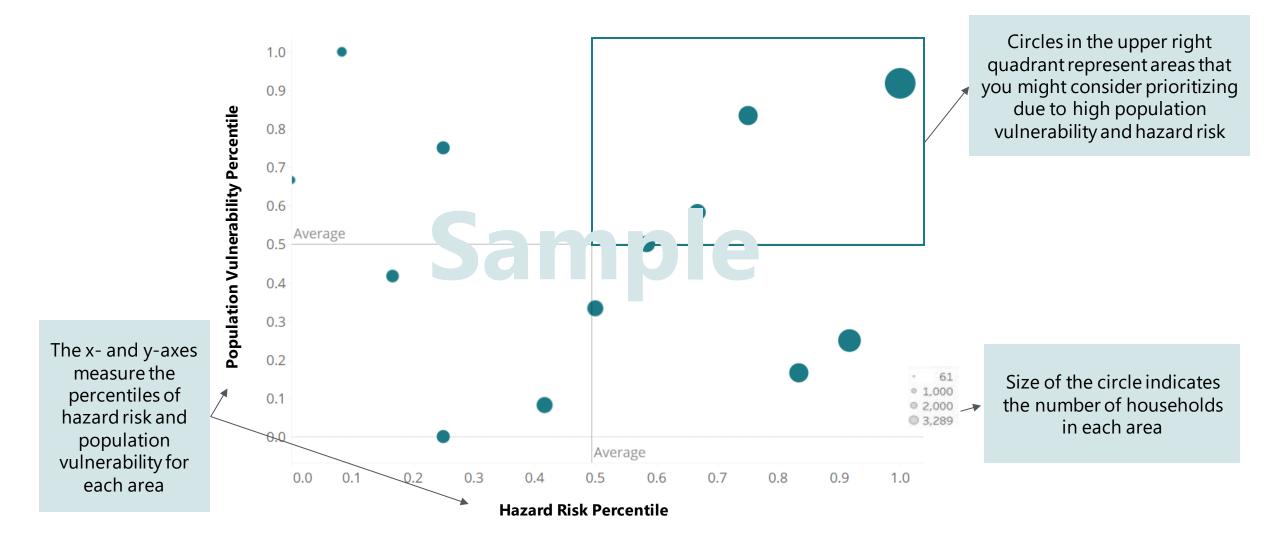
- High Population
 Vulnerability
- High Hazard Risk

Census tracts with both more households in severe flood/hurricane zones AND households with more vulnerable occupants



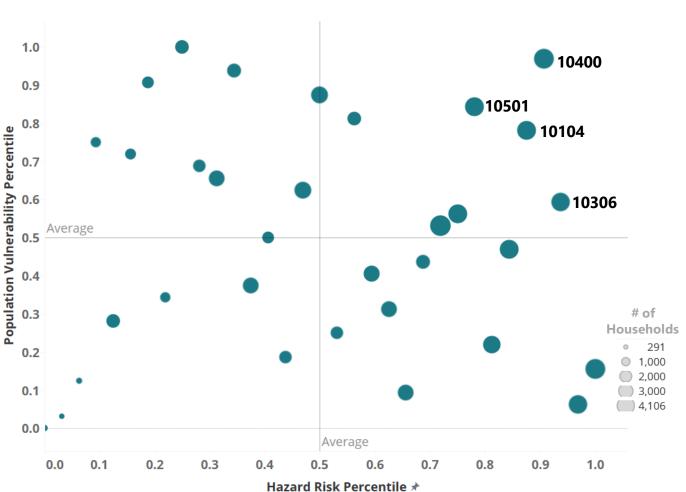
How to interpret the Census Tract plots

The chart below represents a *sample* locality and offers guidance on how to interpret the information when planning mitigation efforts.



Prioritizing Census Tracts in Hampton City

Areas with the most vulnerable populations and households in severe flood and hurricane zones present prioritization opportunities for mitigation projects.



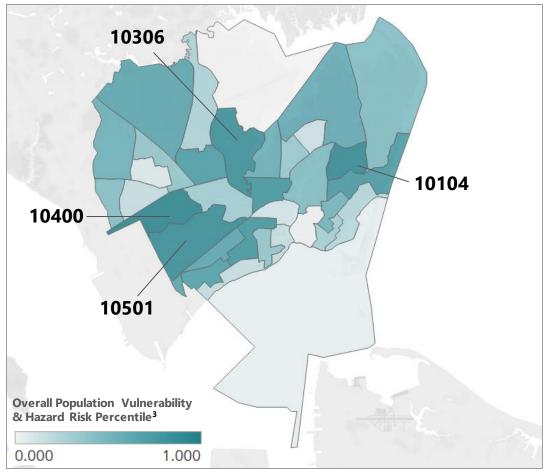
	F	riority Areas		Hurricane Zoı	
			Within-H	ampton City Per	centiles
#	Area	# of Households	Overall Percentile	Population Vulnerability ¹ Percentile	Hazard Risk² Percentile
1	10400	3,813	100th	97th	91st
2	10104	3,442	97th	78th	88th
3	10501	3,404	94th	84th	78th
4	10306	3,366	91st	59th	94th
5	11800	2,749	84th	88th	50th
6	10602	1,763	84th	81st	56th
7	11000	3,450	81st	47th	84th
8	10313	3,577	78th	56th	75th

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity

Prioritizing Census Tracts in Hampton City continued

Areas with the most vulnerable populations and households in severe flood and hurricane zones present prioritization opportunities for mitigation projects.





Priority Areas in Flood and Hurricane Zones

	i		Within-Hampton City Percentile					
#	Area	# of Households	Overall Percentile	Population Vulnerability ¹ Percentile	Hazard Risk² Percentile			
1	10400	3,813	100th	97th	91st			
2	10104	3,442	97th	78th	88th			
3	10501	3,404	94th	84th	78th			
4	10306	3,366	91st	59th	94th			
5	11800	2,749	84th	88th	50th			
6	10602	1,763	84th	81st	56th			
7	11000	3,450	81st	47th	84th			
8	10313	3,577	78th	56th	75th			

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as a household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- Sub-localities at the 0th percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

Priority Census Tracts Summary

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, it may be helpful to consider the underlying attributes of population vulnerability and the number of houses in each flood/hurricane zone.

							Within-Hampton	City Percentiles				
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Population Vulnerability ¹	Communities of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Un employment Risk	Age	Lack of Vehicle Access
1	10400	3813	100th	97th	97th	94th	81st	75th	66th	53rd	88th	81st
2	10104	3442	97th	78th	63rd	38th	66th	84th	100th	75th	31st	38th
3	10501	3404	94th	84th	88th	59th	47th	50th	50th	63rd	69th	28th

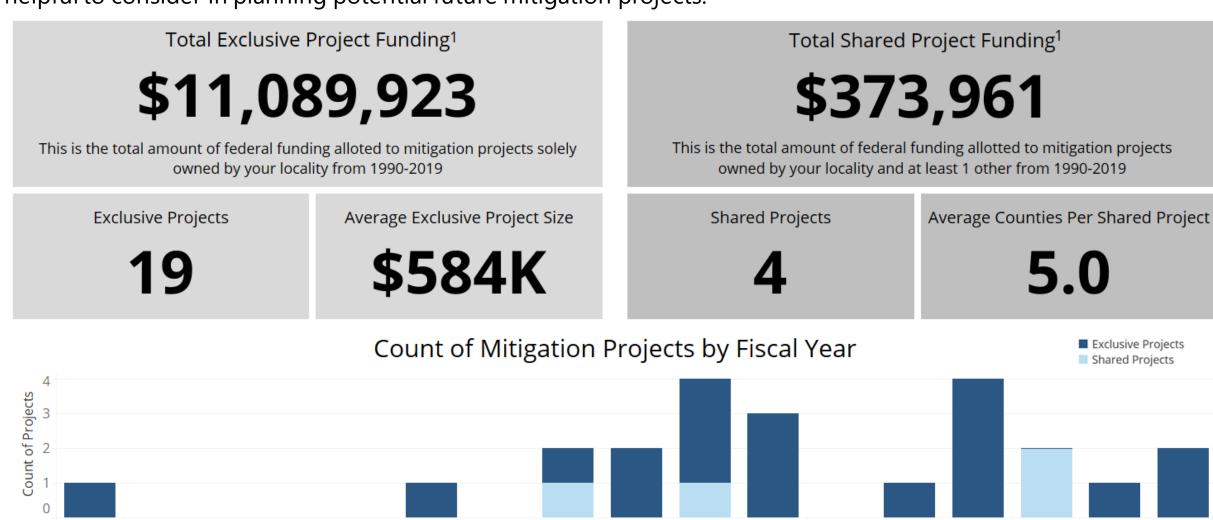
			W/I-Hampton	City Percentiles		Hampton City Household Counts ³							
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Hazard Risk ²	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr Zone D	
1	10400	3,813	100th	91st	0	16	771	435	3,259	1	547	6	
2	10104	3,442	97th	88th	0	0	171	2,332	11	3,421	10	0	
3	10501	3,404	94th	78th	0	16	412	316	1,812	0	669	923	

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as an average household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 3. Note that the total sum of households may be more than the households in your locality because some are located in both flood and hurricane zones

Review of FEMA Funding & Past Mitigation Projects

Review of Mitigation Projects In Your Locality

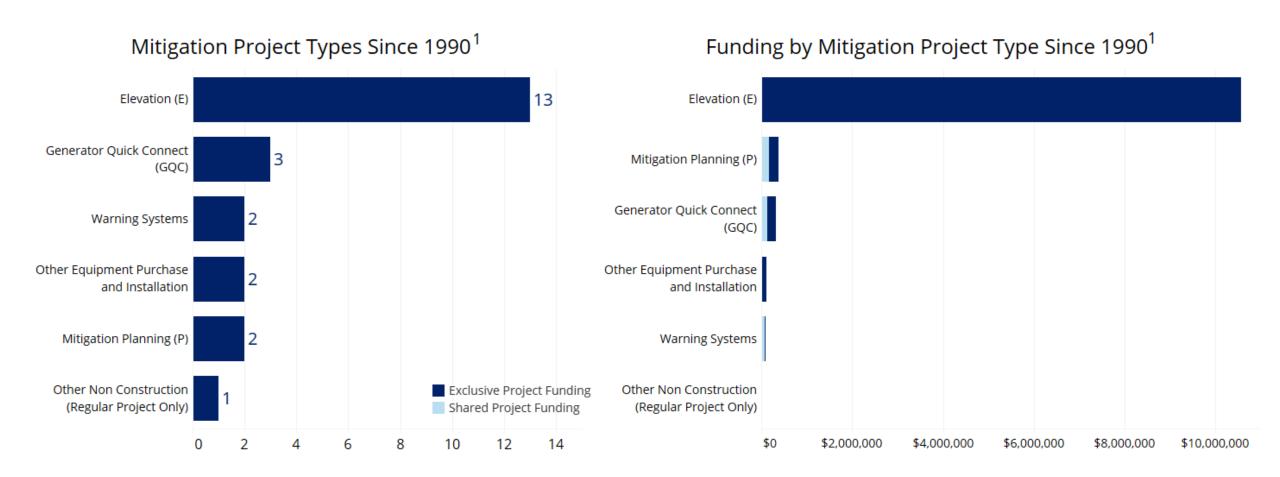
The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects¹ in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.



1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

Past Mitigation Projects – Top Project Types

The figures below provide information regarding mitigation projects¹ in your locality from 1990-2019 that may be helpful to consider in planning potential future mitigation projects.



1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov

COVID-19 Impacts

Since the beginning of the COVID-19 Pandemic, Hampton City has experienced the following:



Hospital	lizations ¹
Total	Per 100k
86	63
27th out of 133 localities	102nd out of 133 localities

Dea	aths ¹
Total	Per 100k
31	23
23rd out of 133 localities	80th out of 133 localities

- 1. COVID-19 case, hospitalization, and death figures are sourced from the Virginia Department of Health as of **10/19/2020**
- 2. COVID-19 Impact rankings are for all 133 Virginia localities, rather than the 132 included in the BRIC analysis for having at least one household in a flood or hurricane zone

Considerations for Next Steps

Considerations for Next Steps

When evaluating future mitigation project opportunities, the population vulnerability and hazard risk metrics can supplement existing measures to design mitigation projects with an equity lens.

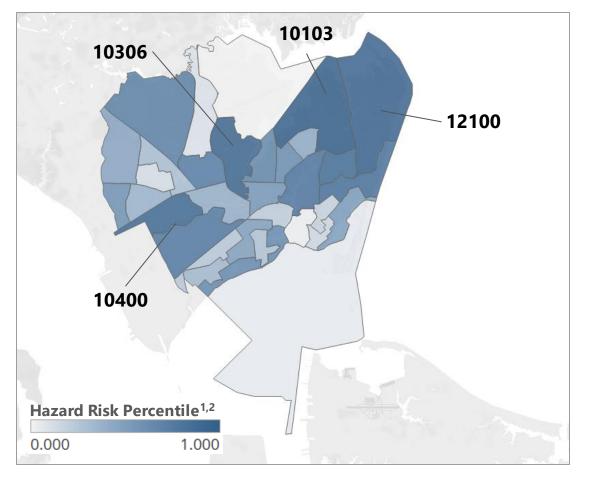
- Consider targeting priority areas when designing future mitigation projects
- Consider analysis at the census tract/block level to understand population vulnerability and hazard risks at a granular level to support decisions on mitigation projects
- Consider **supplementing these people-focused metrics** with existing infrastructure, elevation, and financial analysis for a holistic mitigation planning approach that includes equity considerations
- Consider past project types and prior funding in the overall mitigation strategy

Appendix

What areas in your locality have the greatest hazard risk?

When designing mitigation projects, it may be helpful to consider specific census tracts that have the greatest number of households residing in the more severe flood and/or hurricane zones.

Hazard Risk¹ in Hampton City



Top-5 Census Tracts for Hazard Risk¹

				Hampton City Household Counts									
#	Census Tract	# of House- holds	Hazard Risk Percentile	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr. Zone D		
1	10103	3,737	100th	12	0	3,435	262	3,348	389	0	0		
2	12100	3,317	97th	0	0	2,595	600	3,317	0	0	0		
3	10306	3,366	94th	0	0	2,290	505	2,442	924	0	0		
4	10400	3,813	91st	0	16	771	435	3,259	1	547	6		
5	10104	3,442	88th	0	0	171	2,332	11	3,421	10	0		

Note: see the appendix for a data table for the Top 15 Census Tracts

- 1. Hazard risk reflects the number of households located in Flood and Hurricane Zones, weighted by severity
- 2. Census tracts at the 0th percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

What is population vulnerability and how is it calculated? continued

The vulnerability score for each Virginia household reflects an estimate of the household's ability to safely respond in the event of an environmental disaster.



Population Vulnerability

Attribute ¹	Weighting ²	Description (in a household)
Low Income	18%	Number of adults with income less than \$30,000
Elevated Health Risk	17%	Number of adults with one or more serious health conditions
Age (Older Adults)	15%	Number of adults who are age 65 and older
Communities of Color	13%	Number of Black or African American or Hispanic or Latino adults
# of Children in Household	12%	Number of children
# of People in Household	10%	Number of adults and children
Unemployment Risk	8%	Number of adults at high risk of unemployment
Lack of Vehicle Access	6%	Does the household lack access to a motor vehicle?

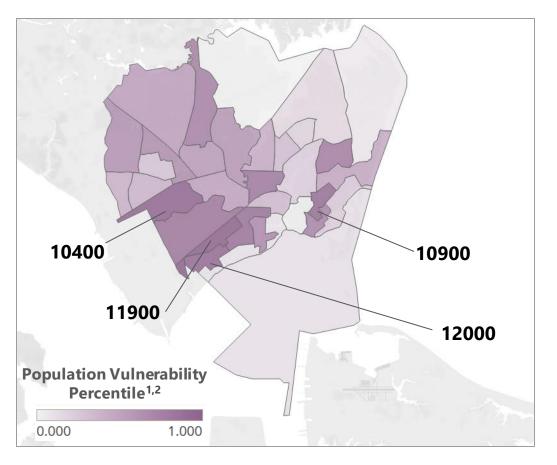
^{1.} Two attributes - English as a Primary Language and Prevalence of Mobile Housing - were dropped from consideration based on the 8/20/2020 BRIC Working Group Session

^{2.} Attribute contributions to Population Vulnerability were weighted as a result of the BRIC Working Group Session on 8/20/2020

What areas in your locality have the greatest population vulnerability?

When designing mitigation projects, it may be helpful to consider specific census tracts that are home to the most vulnerable individuals in the event of an environmental disaster.

Population Vulnerability¹ in Hampton City



Top-5 Census Tracts for Population Vulnerability¹

				Within-Hampton City Percentiles								
#	Census Tract	# of House- holds	Pop. Vul.	Comm. of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unem. Risk	Age	Vehicle Access	
1	11900	1,809	100th	100th	100th	97th	66th	63rd	78th	66th	78th	
2	10400	3,813	97th	97th	94th	81st	75th	66th	53rd	88th	81st	
3	12000	1,884	94th	69th	97th	88th	63rd	72nd	44th	47th	72nd	
4	10900	1,350	91st	91st	41st	91st	59th	75th	91st	63rd	91st	
5	11800	2,749	88th	72nd	91st	75th	41st	38th	38th	53rd	75th	

Note: See the appendix for a data table for the Top 15 Census Tracts

- 1. Population Vulnerability should be interpreted as an average household's ability to safely respond to an environmental disaster and only considers households located in flood or hurricane zones
- 2. Census tracts at the 0th percentile (areas in white) do not have households in Flood or Hurricane Zones

Data table | Population Vulnerability & Hazard Risk

			Percentiles									Within-locality Household Counts									
#	Census Tract	# of Households	Overall	Population Vulnerability	Communities of Color	Elevated Health Risk	Low Income	# of People	# of Children	Unem- ployment Risk	Age	Lack of Vehicle Access	Hazard Risk	100 Year Coastal	100 Year Riverine FW	100 Year Riverine	500 Year Riverine	Hurr. Zone A	Hurr. Zone B	Hurr. Zone C	Hurr Zone D
1	10400	3,813	100th	97th	97th	94th	81st	75th	66th	53rd	88th	81st	91st	0	16	771	435	3259	1	547	6
2	10104	3,442	97th	78th	63rd	38th	66th	84th	100th	75th	31st	38th	88th	0	0	171	2332	11	3421	10	0
3	10501	3,404	94th	84th	88th	59th	47th	50th	50th	63rd	69th	28th	78th	0	16	412	316	1812	0	669	923
4	10306	3,366	91st	59th	41st	81st	34th	53rd	59th	66th	56th	6th	94th	0	0	2290	505	2442	924	0	0
5	11800	2,749	84th	88th	72nd	91st	75th	41st	38th	38th	53rd	75th	50th	0	0	52	75	99	0	1328	1322
6	10602	1,763	84th	81st	75th	9th	100th	31st	31st	72nd	41st	97th	56th	0	0	500	787	127	1547	89	0
7	11000	3,450	81st	47th	34th	34th	63rd	34th	34th	59th	38th	53rd	84th	22	0	698	788	1057	1054	1339	0
8	10313	3,577	78th	56th	53rd	50th	84th	3rd	9th	100th	13rd	66th	75th	0	0	0	346	0	1063	2492	22
9	12000	1,884	75th	94th	69th	97th	88th	63rd	72nd	44th	47th	72nd	34th	0	0	45	67	397	0	796	691
10	10304	4,106	69th	53rd	78th	63rd	25th	81st	91st	16th	22nd	22nd	72nd	0	0	57	492	0	0	2053	2053
11	11900	1,809	69th	100th	100th	100th	97th	66th	63rd	78th	66th	78th	25th	0	0	7	48	162	0	496	1151
12	10103	3,737	66th	16th	16th	47th	9th	97th	78th	25th	91st	9th	100th	12	0	3435	262	3348	389	0	0
13	10701	1,910	63rd	44th	56th	6th	56th	22nd	25th	88th	34th	88th	69th	0	0	1012	609	1502	408	0	0
14	10307	2,845	59th	63rd	94th	84th	0th	100th	81st	3rd	94th	0th	47th	0	0	257	662	0	0	0	2845
15	10900	1,350	56th	91st	91st	41st	91st	59th	75th	91st	63rd	91st	19th	0	0	19	280	0	736	614	0

^{1.} Note: These figures only account for census areas that have households in flood and/or hurricane zones

Data table | FEMA Funding¹

Year of Fiscal Year	Exclusive vs Shared	Subgrantee	Project Counties	Project Type(s)	Federal Funds Obligated
2019	Exclusive	Hampton	HAMPTON (CITY)	601.1: Generators	\$110,625
				602.1: Other Equipment Purchase an	\$92,206
2018	Exclusive	City of Hampt	Null	202.2: Elevation of Private Structures	\$547,000
2017	Shared	Statewide	STATEWIDE; HAMPTON (CITY); NEWPO	106.1: Other Non Construction (Regul	\$80,814
2016	Exclusive	City of Hampt	Null	202.1: Elevation of Private Structures	\$2,516,700
		Hampton	HAMPTON (CITY)	202.2: Elevation of Private Structures	\$1,553,438
				601.1: Generators	\$82,500
2015	Exclusive	City of Hampt	Null	202.2: Elevation of Private Structures	\$325,883
2013	Exclusive	City of	Null	202.1: Elevation of Private Structures	\$1,180,000
		Hampton		202.2: Elevation of Private Structures	\$875,000
2012	Exclusive	City of Hampt	Null	202.2: Elevation of Private Structures	\$502,787
		Hampton	HAMPTON (CITY)	202.1: Elevation of Private Structures	\$1,161,827
-	Shared	HAMPTON R	ISLE OF WIGHT; JAMES CITY; WILLIAMS	91.1: Local Multihazard Mitigation Plan	\$163,140
2011	Exclusive	Hampton	HAMPTON (CITY)	202.2: Elevation of Private Structures	\$1,377,057
				602.1: Other Equipment Purchase an	\$18,055
2010	Exclusive	Hampton	HAMPTON (CITY)	106.1: Other Non Construction (Regul	\$9,650
-	Shared	Newport News	NEWPORT NEWS (CITY); HAMPTON (CI	601.1: Generators	\$130,007
2008	Exclusive	City of Hampt	Null	91.1: Local Multihazard Mitigation Plan	\$209,250
2003	Exclusive	Hampton	HAMPTON (CITY)	202.2: Elevation of Private Structures	\$527,946
	2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2013 2012 2011 2010 2008	Year Shared 2019 Exclusive 2018 Exclusive 2017 Shared 2016 Exclusive 2015 Exclusive 2013 Exclusive Shared 2011 Exclusive 2010 Exclusive Shared 2008 Exclusive	YearSharedStatewide2018ExclusiveCity of Hampt2017SharedStatewide2016ExclusiveCity of Hampt2015ExclusiveCity of Hampt2013ExclusiveCity of Hampt2014ExclusiveCity of HamptSharedHAMPTON R2011ExclusiveHampton2010ExclusiveHamptonSharedNewport News2008ExclusiveCity of Hampt	Year Shared Solution Hampton HAMPTON (CITY) 2018 Exclusive City of Hampt Null 2017 Shared Statewide STATEWIDE; HAMPTON (CITY); NEWPO 2016 Exclusive City of Hampt Null Hampton HAMPTON (CITY) 2015 Exclusive City of Hampt Null 2013 Exclusive City of Hampt Null Hampton HAMPTON (CITY) Hampton HAMPTON (CITY) Shared HAMPTON R ISLE OF WIGHT; JAMES CITY; WILLIAMS 2011 Exclusive Hampton HAMPTON (CITY) 2010 Exclusive Hampton HAMPTON (CITY) Shared Newport News NEWPORT NEWS (CITY); HAMPTON (CI 2008 Exclusive City of Hampt Null	YearSharedBody stateHamptonHAMPTON (CITY)601.1: Generators2018ExclusiveCity of Hampt.Null202.2: Elevation of Private Structures2017SharedStatewideSTATEWIDE; HAMPTON (CITY); NEWPO106.1: Other Non Construction (Regul)2016ExclusiveCity of HamptNull202.1: Elevation of Private Structures2015ExclusiveCity of HamptNull202.2: Elevation of Private Structures2013ExclusiveCity of HamptNull202.2: Elevation of Private Structures2014ExclusiveCity of HamptNull202.1: Elevation of Private Structures2015ExclusiveCity of HamptNull202.2: Elevation of Private Structures2016ExclusiveCity of HamptNull202.2: Elevation of Private Structures2017ExclusiveCity of HamptNull202.2: Elevation of Private Structures2018ExclusiveHamptonHAMPTON (CITY)202.1: Elevation of Private Structures2019ExclusiveHamptonHAMPTON (CITY)202.2: Elevation of Private Structures2010ExclusiveHamptonHAMPTON (CITY)202.2: Elevation of Private Structures2011ExclusiveHamptonHAMPTON (CITY)202.2: Elevation of Private Structures2012ExclusiveHamptonHAMPTON (CITY)106.1: Other Non Construction (Regul)2013ExclusiveHamptonHAMPTON (CITY)106.1: Other

1. Source: FEMA Hazard Mitigation Projects-V2 dataset from fema.gov